naming any candidate from our own com- | CABLE NEWS monwealth." It is strange that some of the leaders of the republican and the democratic parties have no true State pride. A few more articles of this temper will justify the impression generally entertained that Kelly as come to an understanding with the republicans, for purposes not yet quite ap-

Enforcing Cheap Cab Fares.

If there is to be a reform in the hack business by reducing the fares to a reasonable rate provision must likewise be made for its enforcement. Otherwise things will remain as at present, all ordinances to the contrary notwithstanding. Ordinances may come and ordinances may go, but hackmen will go on extorting forever-unless there is somebody to prevent them. At present the correctional or preventive influence is most difficult to apply. Once in a lustrum may be found a cit-izen who will fasten on to his extorting cabman with all the tentacles of the law until he has wreaked vengeance upon him; but not one citizen in a thousand would, even if he had the will, know where to begin. The cabman knows this, just as the florist knows he can overcharge with impunity the young exquisite who stops to buy a bouquet with a young lady on his arm. In London the nearest policeman is a referee and the nearest police station a court of appeal. In Paris the official means to guard against extortion are even more elaborate. By appointing a commissioner of public conveyances, with full powers regarding granting and withdrawing licenses and for bringing swindling cabmen to justice, the system could be brought into shape with a certain defined aid from the police. The present arrangement through the Mayor's office is a burlesque upon system. Nobody seems to know where the power of the Marshal begins, but everybody knows where, to all intents, it ends-namely, at the door of the Mayor's office. Any reform in the rates of fare must be accompanied by the appointment of such a Commissioner as we have indicated. If not, in the language of the stableman to a HERALD reporter, "things will go on as usual." TRIEVES AND DETECTIVES.—There is a pale

glimmer of light in the otherwise sombre narrative of Miles, the burglar, printed yesterday. Colonel Whitley was chief of detectives. He sent for Miles, the burglar. Miles came. "George," says the Colonel, "I want you to do so and so." The spectacle of a chief detective on terms of such familiarity with a professional thief will suggest many thoughts, among others this-"How would it serve the interests of justice to send the chief detective to jail for a season, and put the service in the hands of expert cracksmen like 'George?'"

Mr. Curris, the leader of the revolt against Conkling at Syracuse, will appear in public to-night as a lecturer. We trust he will have an overflowing house. His theme is, "Women in the Old Time and the New." This is one of the themes which Mr. Curtis has the genius to discuss. He is never so much at home as when in these light, flowing, charming moods. Still, if he desired to speak upon a subject which the city would feel interested in hearing discussed at length, he should take up the Syracuse Convention.

LET No GUILTY MAN ESCAPE, and the guilty man who must not be permitted to escape is Miles, who is in the Windsor prison in Vermont. As a convict his testimony is not good in court, but a pardon would make it good, and the faithful will therefore take good care that the pardon disbributor does not go down that way.

## PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Beer fattens parlor ivy and geranium planta. Watermelons are ripening in Southern Florida. The razor is still the favorite weapon of the South

Check reins and blinders for horses are going out of fashion in England.

William M. Evarts has paid his respects to his old

Old Ben Wade is as strong for Governor Hayes for President as he was for Line

It is so warm in Alabama that bees are humming around the Mps of the Mobile girls. Boston is to have a bric-a-brac club, in which every

The recent frost killed off the colic crop in Jeorgia. There will be no oucumbers.

Judge David Davis says that all men will go to

heaven. But Ben Hill-didn't you remember him?
Yosemite mistakenly boasts of monstrous potatoes Large potatoes are not good. The Sunset Cox ones are

Mr. Bishop, the editor of the Buffalo Express, has resigned because he could not support James G. Blaine

at Washington, is at the St. James Hotel, awaiting the arrival of the Emperor.

Nebraska is going to utilize her corn by extensively raising hoga. Perhaps the Savannah News editor thinks this is not a fair "personal."

Eastern oysters are being planted in San Francis

Bay. The native Pacific cyster is as big as an old-isshioned cent, and has a coppery, very salt taste.

The New Haven Pallodium challenges us to say who is talking of Gideon Welles for Senator from Connecti-

sut. We think it was a man talking in his sleep. Savannah News:—"In some portions of Georgia homers are still running hither and you endeavoring The Norwich Bulletin advises men not to set out Centennial trees this year, but to plant lamp posts, bemuse they are more distinct at night and easier to

At Natchez, Miss., negroes sell young alligators in the streets for twenty-five conts apiece, and here is a chance for the Danbury man to get a charm for his

Professor Collins, of Whitefield, N. H., professes to have discovered a means of treating water with chemi-cals so that it will produce a light cheaper and brighter

Some of the whites in San Francisco are mad because

Some of the whites in San Francisco are made a Chinese boy will make twenty five buttonholes for a cent. No other city in the world would complain for getting a quart of buttonholes for half a dollar. "Texas Jack" recommends Nebraska and Wyoming as hunting grounds. There are plenty of cik, antelope, buffalo and grouse near the Wind River Mountains and

on the western slope of the Rocky Mountains.

Ex-Senator Milton S. Latham, of California, is not expected to recover. Mr. Latham's literary and artisful men who are shown to Eastern visitors to Call-

Dr. Von Balow says:- Everybody in Boston, that is, I mean, in the best musical circles, goes about in a sort of a trance, as it were. When I talk to a man sort of a transc, as it were. When I talk to a man about a thing there, even of business, he says yes, and yes, and yes, mechanically, and looks out of the win-dow. I recollect I said to a large publisher who was gazing away through the window at the other side of gazing-away through the window at the biner such the street when I was talking to him, "You must have a great number of poets in this part of the country." "Why?" said he. "Because," said I, "there are so many accomplished draumers among you."

From All Parts of the World.

'CHANGE AND THE BOURSES

The Foreign Stock Market Demoralized From London to Vienna.

SCHENCK EXPECTED.

The Steamships Service to New York-Irish Emigration Vastly Diminished.

AMERICANS IN PRISON.

Prague Savans Pronounce Against Female Students.

CASTILLO AND THE CHURCH.

Samoan Surprise-Steinberger a Prisoner to the British.

RUSSIA'S IMPERIAL ROLE.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

'CHANGE IN A STATE OF COLLAPSE-THE FOR-EIGN STOCK MARKET DEMORALIZED.

LONDON, April 12, 1876 The Stock Exchange is again in a state of collapse. The Continental bourses are also uneasy. Heavy selling orders have been received from Paris, but it is almost impossible to make the sales.

FOREIGN STOCKS. foreign stock market has become almost utterly de-moralized. It looks as if it may presently become impossible to deal in Turkish, Egyptian, Peruvian, Mexican and such like stocks.

A BLIGHT IMPROVEMENT AT THE CLOSE. London, April 12-Evening.

Stocks closed slightly improved in tone, with a recovery from to-day's lowest point. SILVER ADVANCED.

CAUSES

The rise is chiefly attributable to the agnouncemen of the immediate issue here of a new indian govern-ment loan of \$20,000,000, from which it is inferred drafts, and remittances to India must be made in

from Washington that the United States Senate has passed the bill substituting silver for fractional cur-

THE PARIS BOURSE.

Paris, April 12-Evening. The Bourse has been very flat to-day, and all prices closed at the very lowest. Foreign stocks of all descriptions have been much pressed for sale, and the docline is severe all around.

A FRENCH DESCRIPTION OF THE PANIC ON THE BOURSE.

PARIS, April 12, 1876. The Messager de Paris, discussing yesterday's panic on the Bourse, says:—"Were we apprehensive of the immediate outbreak of an European war in which we would be fatally involved the market could not have more utterly lost its self-control."

The Bourse to-day was very unsettled, and sales of all international stocks were difficult to make even at a heavy reduction in prices.

PAILURE IN BREMES. The National Zeitung announces the suspension of Roblandt & Muller, an important cotton firm of Bremen, with beavy liabilities.

VIENNA, April 12, 1876. The Bourse to-day was very flat. Home funds, bank and railway shares were panicky and declined heavily. All foreign exchanges exhibit a marked advance

FRANKFORT, April 12, 1876. United States bonds, new fives, 101%.

ENGLAND. NEWS CONCERNING EX-MINISTER SCHENCK MANCHESTER, April 12, 1876. spatch was received from Washington Tuesday which speaks in very positive terms of Mr. Schenck's resigning his position as United States Minister to England.

Liverpool, April 12, 1876, The Williams & Guion line have arranged to de-spatch their steamers between this port and New York

The National line have not yet entered into the arrangement, but will probably skip a week occasion-ally, according to the exigency of business. EMIGRATION FROM IRELAND. - AMERICAN PRIS-

ONERS WAITING FOR THE WARRANTS. LONDON, April 12, 1876. The Pall Mail Garette's Dublin special says it is pretty certain that the emigration from Ireland for 1876 will be the smallest since 1851.

AMERICANS STILL HELD FOR PORGERY. The warrant for the surrender of Charles Brent, the Louisville forger, should have been issued to-day, but it was not. His case and that of William E. Gray, the

New York forger, must await, like Winslow's, the solution of the legal question pending. COLLIERS ON A STRIKE. Upward of 20,000 colliers are on strike in South Yorkshire against a fifteen per cent reduction of wages.

The Miners' Union have agreed to a reduction of ten

PNOWSTORM IN THE NORTH A snowstorm prevailed yesterday throughout Scotland, Wales and the north of England. Some snow

has fallen here to-day. FRANCE.

A CONSERVATIVE MEMBER UNSEATED BY THE

ASSEMBLY. Loxnox, April 12, 1876.
A special to the *Times* from Paris says the Chamber of Deputies yesterday annulled the election of M. Veillet, conservative, from the department of Cotes

COMMUNIST SYMPATRIZERS PARDONED. President MacMahon has pardoned several inhabitants of Marseilles who were imprisoned for partici-

THE JURY FOR PRILADELPHIA The members of the French Jury for the Centennial Exhibition will sait May 6 for Philadelphia.

SPAIN.

THE CABINET VIOLENTLY ASSAILED-THE VATI-CAN DIFFICULTY URGENT.

and in the pulpit with boundless virulence and vio-

The Pope threatens the immediate withdrawal from Madrid of the Papal Nuncio if article 11 of the new

AUSTRIA.

LADIES EXCLUDED FROM UNIVERSITY LECTURES. PRAGUE, April 12, 1876.
The Senate of the University of Prague nave prohibited the attendance of women at the lectures at

TURKEY.

RUSSIAN DIPLOMATIC AGENCIES -- PRINCE GORTS CHAROFF TO ADVISE THE SULTAN-THE SER-VIANS STILL EXCITED.

RAGUSA, April 12, 1876. Wesselitzky, the emissary of Prince Gortschakoff, as returned from Cettinje and conferred with Jonine, the Russian Consul General here. He will have an in-terview with Baron Rodich at Lara, then proceed to Vienna and St. Petersburg, and ultimately go to Con-stantinople to urge on the Porte the compliance with the demands of the insurgent chiefs who were assem.

SERVIAN MILITIA TO MARCH TO THE PRONTIER. BELGRADE, April 12, 1876.

The militia of this city are about to start for the

The voluntary national loan has proved unsuccessful. The government has resolved to levy a forced

A BOSNIAN INSUBGENT COLUMN IN MOTION. LONDON, April 13, 1876. The Daily News' special despatch from Vienna re ports that the Bosnian insurgents have organized three columns of 2,500 men each, which are moving in the

from action, are now joining the insurgents. IN CROATIA-AGITATION AND SUSPICION A special despatch from Odessa to the London Times announces that the Sclavic and Austrian bands which

entered Bosnia from Dalmatia are in possession of all Turkish Croatia. The Porte is arming the Yohammedans and sending out large reinforcements.

There is great irritation in Constantinople against The Porte suspects the Austrian authorities of con niving at the movement in Bosnia.

JOIN THE INSURRECTION. LONDON, April 13, 1876.

The special despatch of the Times from Berlin re-ports that the excited populate of Belgrade treated Prince Wrede, the Austrian representative, to a charicari on Sunday evening. Advices from Bucharest appounce the resignation

of the Roumanian Ministry on account of the result of The Paris despatch to the Daily News says it is reported there that the Danubian Principalities are likely

to join the insurrection. THE EASTERN INSURGENTS STILL CONFIDENT OF SUPPORT FROM RUSSIA.

LONDON, April 12, 1876. The Times' Borlin despatch reports that Wesser litzky, after officially communicating Gorischakoff's message to the insurgent chiefs and receiving their return, resumed the character of a travelling philan-

chiefs appointed him diplomatic representative of the

their Russian friends, notwithstanding the relusal of the Russian government to promote the dismemberment of Turkey.

RUSSIA.

THE SEMI-OFFICIAL PRESS REVIEWS THE EURO PEAN SITUATION-THE GREAT NORTHERN IM-PERIALISM CANNOT COUNT ON MANY FRIENDS— THE GERMAN ENTENTE OF DOUBTFUL SIN-

The semi-official Wedemosti, reviewing the political situation in Europe, says the relations of the Great Powers to each other leave many things to be wished

England and Russia distrust each other.

The relations between Russia and Austria are not clear. Andrassy's position is rumored to be ambigu-ous, but a new Ministry would make the friendship between Austria and Russia very doubtful. An un standing cannot be considered satisfactory if it de-

Germany's demeaner in regard to the Eastern ques-tion is not sufficiently manifest to enable people to know what part she will play in future. Although

Germany has declared she will leave the initiative in Turkish affairs to Russia and Austria, there is no rearemain passive when the decisive moment arrives. Russia estimates German friendship at the same value that Germany does Russian. It must not be overlooked how easily, under such circumstances, the Eastern question might provoke a conflict between

Russianoptimist and Germanophiles vainly point to the bond of friendship uniting Russia and Germany, and to the latter's thankfulness for Russia's aid in restoring German unity, but thankfulness is unknown

THE PROTECTOR OF CHRISTIANITY IN TURKEY. "The Golor states that every foreign intervention in Turkey will meet with Russin's energetic opposition if directed against the Sclaves and their righteous requests. The interest of Russia requires above all things the maintenance of peace; but Russia, nevertheless, cannot abandon the protectorship of the Turkish Chris-tians for the sake of any alliance, however elevated, or any friendship, however intimate. The initiative, hitherto left to Austria, is now left to Russia. The latter will reach the aim sooner than the former."

THE CZAR TO ABDICATE IN THE EVENT OF WAR. MAGDERURG, Apr. 1 12, 1876. The Magdeburger Zeilung says it is incontestible that the Czar has declared his intention of abdicating as soon as Russian interests necessitate war.

MALACCA.

A FRESH OUTBREAK AGAINST ENGINER BULE. SINGAPORE, April 12, 1874. It is reported that fresh disturbances have occurred

Sir William Jervois, Governor of the Straits settle ment, with a company of regulars, has left here for the scene of the trouble.

SAMOA.

A DIPLOMATIC AGENT ON HIS WAY TO WASH-INGTON-HIS MAJESTY THE KING IN TROU-BLE-CURIOUS STATEMENTS CONCERNING THE

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12, 1876. Among the passengers from Australia by the steam-ship Granada are H. H. Hill, agent at Sydney of the English mail contractors; P. A. Jennings, Commis-sioner from New South Wates, Queensland and Tas-mania to the Centennial Exhibition, and Frank Piatt, Diplomatic Agent of the Samoan government, en route

DITION OF AFFAIRS AT THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT

The news from Samoa is conflicting.
Correspondence published in the New Zealand Star
of March 13 says that the natives became dissatisfied
on account of the demand for funds made by Stein-King Mahatoa requested Mr. Poster, the United States Consul, by letter, to rid him of Steinberger, he (the King) having come to the conclusion that Steinberger was "a frond."

impostor," and occurred that he was responsible for the trouble between the government of Samoa and the

Steinberger was then placed in confinement on board the Barracouta, where he remained at last advices.

THE OTHER SIDE-CHURCHMEN BLAMED. Frank Platt, was left Samoa several days before these reported occurrences, says there is no truth in the report, as when he left the King and Steinberger

bottom of the trouble, the innovations introduced by Steinberger having interfered with the income of the society; also that certain European companies, who have had a monopoly of the trade, fear the influence of an American in power in the islands, and that Fos-The United States steamer Tuscarora was expected

shortly at the islands. Platt is on his way to Washington with despatches.

THE NEWS OF STRINBERGER'S DEPOSITION CON-FIRMED-A PRISONER TO THE BRITISH NAVY.

San Francisco, April 12-Evening. The schooner Ada May, which arrived here to-day, brings later advices from Samoa which confirm the reported deposition of Colonel Steinberger, the so-called Prime Minister. He still remained a prisoner on board Her Majesty's ship Barracouta.

There was no immediate prospect of a solution of

BRAZIL.

RIO JANEIRO, April 12, 1876. Nothing is doing in coffee this week on account o the religious observances.

CUBA.

REVENUE CUSTOMS CONCLUSIONS AGAINST SMUGGLERS,

BAVANA, April 12, 1876. The Havana Custom House, with largely diminished imports and exports for the past quarter, has never-theless collected \$2,500,600 more than during the same period last year.

This result proves that smuggling has greatly abated.

LIBERIA.

PEACE RESTORED THROUGH THE PRESENCE OF

WASHINGTON, April 12, 1876. Some time since the United States steamer Alaska, Captain A. A. Semmes, was ordered by the Navy De partment to proceed from the Mediterranean to Liberia, West Coast of Africa, for the purpose of aiding in the suppression of the revolt of the native tribes against the Liberian government. T e Alaska arrived at

the Laberian government. To Alaska arrived at Monrovia on the 5th of February last, and after taking on board the American Minister and the Pres dent of Liberia, with his suite, proceeded to Caj e Palmas.

THE SEAT OF WAR.

Advices have been received from Captain Semmes, under date of March 2, that through his intervention and without resor to lorce a trasty of peace has been signed by the chiefs of the various tribes at war with Liberia, on the one part, and the President of the Republic and Captain Semmes on the other. Liberia has thus been saved from a devastating conflict through the instrumentality of the navy. It is to be hoped that in future our men-of-war will continue to visit the Republic and afford the protection so essential to its progress and prosperity.

CANADA.

CLOSING LABORS OF THE DOMINION PARLIA-

OTTAWA, Ont., April 12, 1867.

At the meeting of Parliament list night the business of the session was concluded. A motion was submitted by Mr. Mackenzie authorizing the government to enter into a contract during the recess for work on sections of the Pacific Railway from ort William westward toward Lac Des Mille Isles and the crossing of Sted River, and from Rat Portage to Cross Lake. After brief remarks by Messes. Thompson, Cardoo and Courrier the motion was adopted.

The Supply bill was atterward introduced and passed through all the staces.

The Senate has declared the seat held in that body by Sir Edward Kenney vacant, owing to that gentleman's absence for two consecutive sessions. Sir Edward's lil health is the cause of his retirement.

GENERAL PRADO AT NIAGARA. NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., April 12, 1876. eral Predo and a party of four attendant person ges arrived here at ten minutes after one o'clock this afternoon and took carriages, visiting the various interesting points about the Falls. Unfortunately, they had a rainy afternoon, yet they were greatly delighted with their first sight of the great wonder of the North American continent. They took rooms at the Spencer House, but pressing engagements requiring their immediate return, they left on the evening train to arrive in New York to-morrow morning.

THE MILWAUKEE WHISKEY CASES.

MILWAUEEE, Wis., April 12, 1876. ing on C. F. J. Moeller, ex-gauger, convicted of making false returns. He was sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the State Prison and a fine of \$2,500.

Reynolds, rectifier, convicted of conspiracy, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the county jail and a fine of \$2,500.

CROOKED WHISKEY AND CLEMENCY.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., April 12, 1876. Great consternation prevails to-day among the whiskey men i - this city who turned State's evidence in expectation of elemency by reason of the sentence of John B. Reynolds, of the firm of Burback & Reynolds, John B. Reynolds, of the drm of Burback & Reynolds, rectifiers, on whom sentence had been suspended in pursuance of such a policy, to six months' imprisonment in the County Jail, \$1,500 fine and half the costs of the prosecution. C. J. Moeller, ex-gauger, who has laidly returned from Canada in the full belief of rectiving official mercy, was ikewise to day sentenced to one year in the State Penitentiary, \$2,500 fine and all the costs. The millionnaire, Jake Nannemacher, who was found guilty yesterday of conspiracy to defraud the revenue, was required to give \$20,000 bail pending sentence.

ANOTHER WHISKEY CONVICTION. CHICAGO, III., April 12, 1876. In the United States Court this morning the jury in

the Frusinger and Scaverns whiskey case returned a verdict of guilty. The sentencing of the two men was postponed until after all the whiskey trials have been completed in this court. SUICIDE IN HIGH LIFE. William B. Towne, of Millord, N. fl., and a man well known throughout New England, fatally shot himself at his son's house, in Jamaica Plain, Mass., last Mon-

day crening, but it was supposed that he died a natural death. The circumstances were disclosed by the attend-ing physician this morning. Mr. Towne, until a short

ties, and resigning his position in the bank shortlaterward.

Mr. Towne was once a cierk in Boston, and a parine in the Brin of Towne, Bowker & Co., dry goods dealer the married a diagpher of Mr. Hill, a merchant of Boston engaged in the tea trade, and resided in Boston He suffered pecuniary losses and resided in Boston He suffered pecuniary losses and retired from housiness, and occame a collector for the firm of Beed & Co., which place he held many years, and in the employ acquired a competency. Some years ago, purchased his grandfather's homestead in Millors, M. H., took up his abode in that town and became a citive citizen. While a resident of Massachusetts in hecame a member of the New England Historic-tenne, jugical Society, and did much toward its prosperit His portrait is preserved in the society's from lie was an active number of the New Hampabire Historical Society, and represented the town of Millord its prosperits.

COFFEE MARKETS.

Rio Janeiro, April 12, 1876, 1979, a G.150 reis per 10 blios. Exchange on sondon, 2515. Preights, per sail, to the English thomel, 258. Average daily receipts for he past week 5,000 bags; sales of the week-For Kurope (1930 bags; for the United States, 7,293) da, for Mediteranean ports 2,000 do. Shipments of the week for Kurope (1930 bags), for the United States 34,000 do. and for the fediterranean ports 3,000 do.

HAVANA EXCHANGE.

London, April 12, 1876.

Mr. Foster applied to Captain Stevens, of the British

The Firmer Madrid letter says that the government of Bears Canovas del Castillo is assailed in the press | which the King denounced Steinberger as "a line and leading the premium; on Paris, 13/4 a 2 pre

Tricks Resorted to by Blaine's · Partisans.

PACKED DELEGATIONS.

Conkling Men Join Morton's Supporters.

WRANGLING OVER SEATS

LYNCHHURG, Va., April 12, 1876. Under the skilful manipulation of ex Congressma Platt and Congressman Stowell, aided by nearly all the federal office-holders in the State and a corps of depart ment clerks from Washington, all of whom were ac tively at work since last nigh', a lively but superfloid Blaine sentiment was developed among the delegates to succeeded in overslaughing the strong feeling existing representations and arguments, chief among which was the one that the President had no choice as to candidates, and that Blaine would certainly be the choice of the Cincinnati Convention. All the "hurrab boys" and party workers were instructed to use these and similar arguments, which so far succeeded that this morning Mr. Platt felt independent enough to

In this caucus Congressman Stowell stated that he had called upon the President on Monday and asked his iews as to what would be the proyer course to pursue at the Lynchburg Convention. The President in re dly, said Mr. Stowell, expressed no choice as to candi dates. He wished a good republican nominated, and when nominated elected, but he thought the delegates any instructions. Upon this announcement a part pimp yelled "Three cheers for President Grant," lead ing off himself, and the unsuspecting delegates joined in a feeble way. Thus the trap was laid, and into it even a number of the leading Couking men fell without knowing how, why or wherefore. Following up this success, it was moved and carried in the caucus that preference in his favor in the Convention

this morning by way of Washington, where he also had an interview with the President, corroberated the statement of Congressman Stowell in regard to a choice of candidates and that the Cincinnati delegation should

be sent without instructions. THE PRESIDENT'S PREFERENCE. Now, both of these gentlemen are morally certain, as are all the federal officials ip this State, that the President has a decided preference for Conkling, and, though they owe their appointments and official exing a man to wh om he is said to be opposed as his suc cessor. It is a certainty to-day that the real republi His record as a republican is more vulnerable than that of any man named for the candidacy. The negroes in the South would have no confidence in him whatever, if they were informed as to his it. These matters are studiously kept from the knowledge of the "man and brother," but he is dragooned eage of the "man and brother," but he is dragooned, hoodwinked and cajoled into his support. Undue advantage has been taken by the office-holders of the fact that the President would make no expression personally to them as to his choice of candidates, and by making it appear that he really had no choice, they have been barely able to obtain an expression in layor of Blaine.

have been barely able to obtain an expression in layor of Blaine.

BLAINE CANNOT SECURE AN EXPRESSION.

On the question of an instructed delegation in the interest of the ex-Speaker there has been a square retreat by his supporters here; nor is this attributable to any degree of sympathy on the part of the office-holders with the wishes of the President that the delegates to Cheinnati should go untrammelled. It was ascertained early in the fight, by an actual count of neces, that such instructions could not be carried, and it will be difficult even now to force an express on of preference for Mr. Blaine—which would, however, he devoid of any moral effect—through the Convention. This is conceded as a victory to the Conkling men, who now claim that fully, if not more, than half the delegation that will be sent to Cincinnati will be in favor of their candidate as their first choice. In the speeches that were made to-day it was noticeable that the name of Blane did not cleric any more responsive and can austic applause than did the names of any of the other candidates. His Andersonville speech was treely distributed among the delegates, and he was liberally lauded by Mr. Platt as the ablest and purest patriot-republican in the country. But no allusion was made to he skill as a tactician and parliamentary strategist in endeavoring to defeat the Enforcement act.

A better analysis of the Convention shows that scarcely one-third of its members are colored and the other two-thirds (the whites) well night number the

the empty honer of temporary chairman of the Convention met at noon. Feter J. Carter, colored, was elected temporary chairman. A Committee on Credentials was appointed, which took up the en tire day hearing contests for seats. To-night the opposents of Blaine of the committee brought in a mority report, based upon allegations that unrepresented counties were illegally represented by proxies, picked up by Plat and Stowell in the streets of Lynchburg. Captain Rives, who submitted the minority report, was frequently in-errupied, and as he exposed rand after fraud the majority became boisterous and great contusion chained. Among others, ex-tongress man Sener was proven to be an alternate by fraud from a county in which he does not reside. In short, the Blaine men had eventually attempted to park the convention, and the charge was made that one J. W. Waltz had travelled over the State making up the slate

waitz had travelled over the State making up the state of delegates.

CONKING'S STEENGTH TRANSPEREND TO MORTON. Several attempts were made to choke off the reading of the report, but the reading nevertheless proceeded. Meanwhile the Conking nen were at work shifting their strength to Morton and influencing colored delegates to support the Indiantan, on the ground that he delended Pinchback in the Senate and that he has been consistently the friend of Southern republicans.

It was becoming apparent at this time that legally elected and respectable delegates were about equally divided between Conking and Morton, and that with some exceptions the Blame thunder and hurrah proceeded from a great many rotten borough delegates and the federal office-holders. A prolonged and stormy discussion took place on this minority report on contested seats, and it looked as if it would be an impossibility to effect a permanent organization. At forty minutes past ten P. M. the Convention was still in a wrangle, without any prospect of a solution of the contests.

of the contests.

MORTON DEFEATED.

After a hitter discussion, during which personalitie were irrely indulged in, the report of the minority of the committee was rejected and the Blaine delegate were scated. The Hon. J. Ambler Smith, of Richmond spondent of the New York, Times to the effect that had characterized as false the statement made by a corribreatened iederal office-holders with removal if the did not support Roscoe Conkling. Committees were appointed on permanent organization, and the Convention is still (at twelve o'clock, midnight) in session.

CHAMBERLAIN'S CRUSADE.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA REPUBLICAN CONVEN TION-FUTILE BAGE OF THE MOSES FACTION AGAINST THE PRESS - SUCCESS OF THE MOR-TON MEN.

Conumets, S. C., April 12, 1876. The Republican Convention was in session to-day from one to seven o'clock. The early hours were occupied by abusing the members of the press who reported the disgraceful proceedings of the previous day. The cor-respondents of the Heralm and Washington Chronicle respondents of the Heralin and Washington Chronicle were invited to explain to the Convention the source of their information of the reported attack upon Governor chamberlain, which they did. Elliott, from the Committee on Credentials, reported the delegates led by Patterson, Bowen and Whittemore, all of whom were seated. Chamberlain made a minority report, which was tabled.

Elliott and Cardozo apent the afternoon in attacking and defending their respective aides. The great fight before the Convention was whether Chamberlain and those who have assisted him in giving South Carolina a comparatively decent government should represent the State or whether it should be the Whipper-Moses laction, with their rice field confederates.

A recess was taken until the evening.

A recess was taken uptil the evening.

The Convention reassembled at nine P. M., after which the following named delegates were elected it represent the State at Cincinnati;—S. A. Swaiis, J. Blainey, H. G. Worthington, W. J. McKinley, H. Corwin, W. B. Nash, A. S. Wallace, Dr. Winsmitt Robert Smally, L. Caur, at large—J. J. Patterson, F. B. Elliott, Richard H. Gleeves, T. C. Dunn—eigh colored and six white men. Judge Carpenter addresse the Convention against the administration of Governo Chamberlain amid intense exottement, but there we

SERIOUS OIL FIRES.

PARKER'S LANDING, Pa., April 12 1874. tank, belonging to Grandin & Neyhart, situated as Bear Creek station, Allegheny Valley Railroad, was struck by lighteing, bursting the upper ring of the tank, and throwing the oil over two adjoining tanks of the Union Pipe Company. At balf-past two P. M. the three tanks were still burning, involving a loss of about 45,000 barrels of oil, 10,000 of which bethe Union Pipe Company. Should the wind shift to another quarter, an additional tank, holding 20,000 barreis of the Union Pipe Company's oil, will also be reis of the Union Pipe Company's oil, will also be con-sumed. Persons having credit balances in the line will be assessed pro rata, according to the loss sus-tained. The tanks now burning are valued at \$15,000, and the oil lost will amount to \$80,000. Should the other tank take are the total loss on tanks will be \$23,000 and of oil \$125,000. The Atlantic Pipe Company's 25,000 barrel tron tank, at Beaver Pipe station, was also struck by lightning at half-past four this morning, and after burning four hours was extinguished by the agency of steam. The probable loss is \$2,000.

THE FIRE AT ST. JOHNS, QUEBEC.

ST. ALBANS, VL. April 12, 1876. A large fire at St. Johns, Canada, this morning, de-troyed the three story brick block (owned by E. and D. McDonald, and occupied by Mr. Mosseur as a store, and E. McDonald as a residence), the wooden store-house adjoining (owned by McDonald), a tenement in the rear and a stable, owned by Mr. Bessonier. Mr. Mosseur saved a portion of his goods in a dam-aged condition. The total loss is estimated at \$70,000; partially insured.

- FIRE DAMP EXPLOSION.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., April 12, 1876. A terrible explosion of fire damp occurred in the esquehoning mines at eleven o'clock this morning, killing Hugh Coffell, Joseph McGoveru and Thomas Shields, and badly wounding Levi Marsden, Richard Bodine, Joseph Norwood, Jacob Meyers and Charles Callan. The latter cannot recover.

FOSTER BLODGET,

ATLANTA Go. April 12 1876. Judge Peoples to-day decided not to discharge Foster Blodget. Bonds are required in \$17,000.

DESTRUCTIVE STORM IN IOWA. CRESTON, Iowa, April 12, 1876.

A terrific storm of wind, rain and hail passed over this town late on Monday night, and five dwelling houses and a large number of sheds and outhouses were blown down and demolished. The damage will aggregate \$7,000 to \$10,000. There was no loss of life. CRESTON, Iowa, April 12, 1876.

CHICAGO, April 12, 1976. A special from McGregor, Iowa, says a perfect tor-rent of rain fell in that city last night, inundating cel-lars and flooding the lower stories and doing damage, to the extent of \$50,000.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, April 13-1 A. M.
Probabilities. During Thursday in the South Atlantic States sta

onary barometer and temperature, easterly winds and partly cloudy weather will prevail. For the Gulf States, stationary or falling barome ter, south and east winds and warmer, cloudy and rainy weather, followed in the Southwest by rising barometer and colder northerly winds,

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, falling barome

ter, southerly winds, cloudy weather and rain, followed by colder northwest winds, and in the western ortions rising barometer. For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri val leys and upper lakes, stationary or rising barometer, cooler northerly winds and partly cloudy and clearing

For the lower lakes and Middle States, easterly winds, stationary or lower temperature, cloudy weather and possibly light rains. For New England, variable and northeast winds, increesing cloudiness, stationary temperature and

The Mississippi River will continue to fall at Cairo and Vicksburg.

Cautionary signals are ordered for Galveston and THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

The following record will show the changes in tha temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in com-

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Wuh Ying Ding, Centennial Commissioner for China Arrived at the Metropolitan Hotel yesterday from San Francisco, Captain William Gore-Jones, Naval At-taché of the British Legation at Washington, is at the Clarendon Hotel. Professor Francis A. Walker, of Ex-Congressman Luke P. Poland, of Vermont, is regis-tered at the Grand Central Hotel. Albert Keep, President of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Com-pany; Elisha Atkins, Vice President of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, and Oliver Ames, of Boston, have arrived at the Windsor Hotel, General George B. Wright, of Columbus, Ohio, and ex-Governor Jol B. Page, of Vermont, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Secretary of State John Bigelow arrived from Albany last evening at the Westminster Hotel. The Vokes Family arrived from Europe in the steamship Bothnia Family arrived from Europo in the steamship Bounds and are at the Metropolitan Hotel. Professor John Forsyth, of West Point, is at the Astor House, Ex-Governor Alexander II. Bullack, of Massachusetts, and Governor Alexander II. Bulkeck, of Massachusoita, and Major Browne of the Ninety-seventh regiment, British army, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Major George W. McKee, of the Ordanace Department, United States army, is at the St Denis Hotel.

AN OF WILD CHERRY IS the remeny for cought and colds.

A NOTABLE REMEDY.—THE BEAUTIFUL SHEE
ELASTIC TREES, supplied only by ELASTIC TRUESS COMPANY, OSS Broadway: worn comfortably alght and day;
permanently cures rupture.

A.—'WESTWARD THE STAR OF EMPIRE TAKES,
its way," and the CENTRESTAL HAT is to be the popular
'Knoz." Buy your spring style at No. 212 Broadway, or in
the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

HOW COMELY IS A CLEAR COMPLEXION !-TO blain it wash with GLENG'S SHLPHUR SOAF. HILL'S HAIR DYF, black or brown, 50c.

A .- THE QUESTION SETTLED. -WISTAR'S BAL-

BOOTS AND SHOES, GAITERS AND SLIPPERS all styles. Patronice HILLER & CO., No. 3 Union square KEEPS PATENT PARTLY MADE DRESS SHIRTS, be very best, six for \$3. 571 Broadway. REEP'S CUSTOM SHIRTS MADE TO MEASURE.

LEA & PERRINS'

RUPTURE CURE BY DR. MARSH (PRINCIPAL of late Marsh & Ca.) at his old office, No. 2 Years at. (Aster House). No uptown branch.

SODA WATER APPARATUS FOR MAKING ALLACTACH Revenues. JOHN MATTHEWS, 1st or. and 25th st., New York.

Time LOCKS.

Important Patent Office decision in relation thereto. Priority of invention awarded to JAMES SARGERS.

Bester, SARGERT & GERERAL, W. Brondway, New York;

The Commissioner of Patent, on last appeal has granted sargent priority of invention over Yale Lock Company of Time Locks.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 12, 1876.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 12, 1876.

PARCELPINS. PRACTI

WIGS, TOUPEES, &C .- G. RAUCHPUSS, PRACTI-cal Wigmaker, 44 East 12th st., near Broadway, New York \$3 HATS, \$1 90; SILK HATS, \$3 80, WORTH \$6 (fine Derleys). 15 New Church st., up stairs. NEW PUBLICATIONS.

JUST ISSUED-THE GREAT BOOK OF THE SEASON "Oulda's" new story, IN A WINTER CITY.

author of "Strathmere," "Tiella," "Under Two Flags,"
"Tricogrin," "Puck," Ac.
12mo. Extra cloth. \$1 50. "'Onida's pen is a graphic one and page after page of gorgeous word nainting flow from it in a smooth, melodious rhythm that often has the perfect measure of blank verse and needs only to be broken into lines."—Falla islphia Evening Bulletin.

nd seeds on twenty Bulletin.

\*.\* For sale by booksellers generally, of will be sent mell, pestpaid, on receipt of the price by

J. B. LIPPINGGTP & CO.

715 and 727 Market at.

715 and 727 Market at.